## **C**ROSS-BORDER

### EXCHANGES AND THEIR LEGAL CHALLENGES

### Conference 'When Museums go online' 11 December 2020



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<sup>1</sup> 1

## Europeana

### Exhibitions

### Explore the exhibitions







Family Matters Explore different family concepts and discourses, looking back at the 20th century.

Uncovering Hidden Stories Explore an introduction to European archaeology.



future of European integration

Magical, Mystical and... Learn about the psychoactive plants and fungi.



Echos of an Empire Learn about a peaceful Explore images of Byzantine revolution: the August 1980

instruments found in shipyard strike in Poland. manuscripts and objects from daily life.







François Crépin and the...

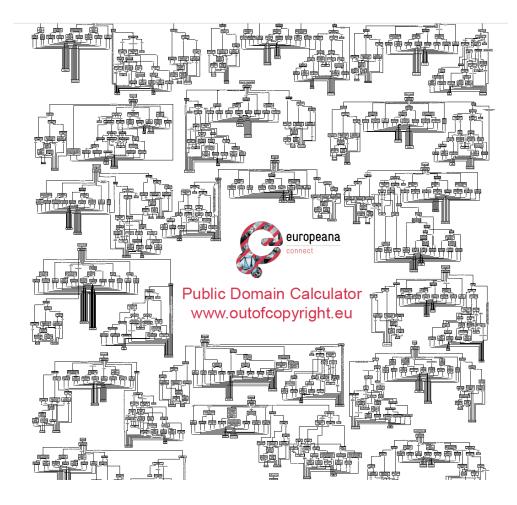
Learn about rose specialist, François Crépin, and his studies

on 'the queen of flowers'.

- Europeana is the paramount example of a cross-border cultural heritage collection
- Cross-border access to content originating from multiple locations



## Public domain content



- There is not ONE definition of the public domain
- Calculating the term of protection is a daunting task
- What is in the public domain is not necessarily everywhere in the public domain
- What is in the public domain should remain in the public domain



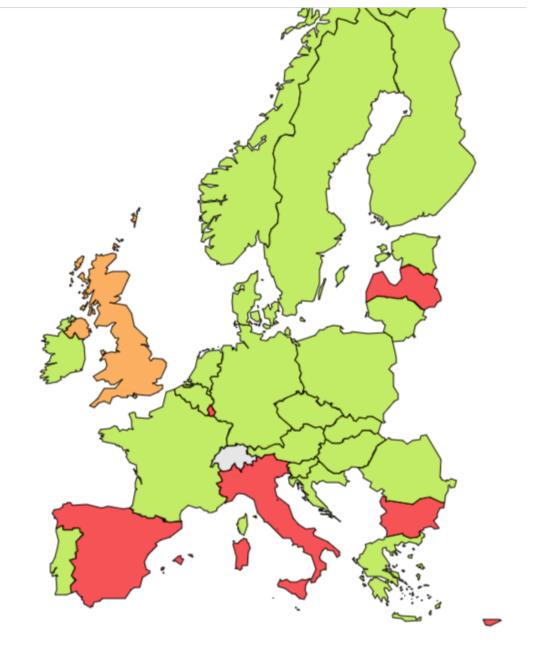
### COPYRIGHT EXCEPTIONS

5.1 Temporary acts of reproduction
5.2(a) Photocopying/photo-reproduction
5.2(b) Private copying
5.2(c) Reproductions by Libraries, Archives & Museums
5.2(d) Ephemeral recordings made by broadcasters
5.2(e) Reproduction of broadcasts by social institutions
5.3(a) Illustration for teaching or scientific research
5.3(b) Use for the benefit of people with a disability
5.3(c) Reporting by the press on current events
5.3(d) Quotation for criticism or review
5.3(e) Use for public security purposes
5.3(f) Use of public speeches and public lectures
5.3(g) Use during religious or official celebrations
5.3(h) Use of works of architecture or sculptures in public spaces
5.3(i) Incidental inclusion

5.3(j) Use for advertising the exhibition or sale of works of art

5.3(k) Use for the purpose of caricature, parody or pastiche
5.3(l) Use for the demonstration or repair of equipment
5.3(m) Use for the purpose of reconstructing a building
5.3(n) Use for the purpose of research or private study
5.3(o) Pre-existing exceptions of minor importance
Reproducing and making available of orphan works

Implemented Not Implemented Partly Implemented
Unknown





# Lack of legislative harmonization

- Uncertainty regarding the extent to which museums can fulfill their mission in a cross-border online environment:
  - Preservation
  - Dissemination
  - Research support
- EU Orphan works regime unworkable, uncertain elsewhere
- New EU Directive 2019/790:
  - Text mining
  - Out-of-commerce works
  - Cross-border effect allowed within the EU!



# Individual licensing practices

Foam Magazine 57: In Limbo



From the series *Seremoni Disparisyon* © Widline Cadet, courtesy of the artist.

### LAUNCH FOAM MAGAZINE #57: IN LIMBO

On Thursday 1 October, editor-in-chief Elisa Medde and art director Hamid Sallali went into conversation about the making of <u>Foam Magazine #57: *In Limbo*</u>. During the live stream, they discussed the theme of the issue and how it is translated into an innovative, new edition of Foam Magazine.

Click here to watch the conversation.

- Licenses range from CCO/CC-By licenses to restrictive licenses;
- Conditions may restrict digitisation and/or public dissemination;
- Terms set at the time of acquiring the works by the museum



# Collective licensing

- No complete repertoire/ worldwide coverage through CMOs
- Conservative approach to licensing new modes of exploitation
- Turn around time for licenses can be slow
- No cross-border application for extended collective licenses (except Directive 2019/790)

Bag and purse, by Emily Jo Gibbs, 1996, UK. Museum no. T.531:1, 2-1996. © Victoria and Albert Museum, London



EXHIBITION HIGHLIGHTS

Despatch Box owned by Winston Churchill, by John Peck & Son, about 1921, London. © Victoria and Albert Museum, London



Mulberry 'Bayswater' and 'Alexa' bags from the private collections of Kate Moss and Alexa Chung, 2003 and 2010, England. © Victoria and Albert Museum, London







https://www.vam.ac.uk/exhibitions/bags



## Conclusion

- Lack of legislative harmonisation creates challenges to digitisation and dissemination of collections by museums
- Huge variations between the copyright laws in different parts of the world
- Talks at the WIPO Standing Committee on Copyright and Related Rights on copyright exceptions not progressing
- Licensing practices (either individual or collective) vary a lot as well, some that facilitate the museums' mission, others that do not.

